

MUNTR ONLINE TRAINING

2022

FAO MINI RESEARCH GUIDE

3-4 SEPTEMBER

ONLINE



FAO Committee

Dear delegates of the FAO Committee,

It is our great pleasure to welcome you all to MUNTR Online Training. We would like to inform you regarding the training.

FAO committee will follow the original THIMUN rules of procedure. As MUNTR academic team, we have allocated both experienced delegates and first-timers to the THIMUN committee. We believe that experienced delegates who have experience in HARVARD rules of procedure will develop their skills in THIMUN as well. The trainer of the FAO committee will be Zeynep Öktem.

In the training, we will be discussing a topic of global significance. Our agenda in the FAO committee will be ending hunger, acquiring food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture. Many countries around the world are facing drought and sustainable agriculture will be the main agenda of all nations. We believe that our delegates will have fruitful debates and a successful resolution in the FAO committee.

Additionally, there will be 4 different workshops in the training. These are MUN101, Academic Writing, Research Techniques and Public Speaking.

You may find links prepared by our academic team member Merve Sena İpek. All delegates are expected to read articles and have a broad knowledge of the topic. Additionally, research on the country's policy will contribute to your success in the training.

FOA

Mini Research Guide

Ending hunger, acquiring food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture

<https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2>

<https://sdgs.un.org/topics/rural-development>

<https://sdgs.un.org/topics/food-security-and-nutrition-and-sustainable-agriculture>

<https://www.undp.org/africa/publications/undp-issues-brief-resilient-food-and-agriculture-0>

<https://www.undp.org/south-africa/publications/knowledge-product-innovative-solutions-combat-food-insecurity-and-sustain-livelihoods>

<https://www.fao.org/publications/sofi/2022/en/>

<https://www.undp.org/sgtechcentre/publications/fostering-agritech-innovation>

<https://www.worldwildlife.org/industries/sustainable-agriculture>

<https://www.wfp.org/ending-hunger>

<https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/hunger/>

Schedule:

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Session 1	9.00 – 9.50
Break	9.50 – 10.00
Session 2	10.00 – 10.50
Break	10.50 – 11.00
Workshop 1	11.00 – 11.30
Team Work 1	11.30 – 12.00
Lunch Break 1	12.00 – 13.00
Session 3	13.00 – 13.50
Break	13.50 – 14.00
Workshop 2	14.00 - 14.30
Team Work 2	14.30 - 14.50
Break	14.50 – 15.00
Session 4	15.00 – 16.00

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Session 5	9.00 – 9.50
Break	9.50 – 10.00
Session 6	10.00 – 10.50
Break	10.50 – 11.00
Workshop 3	11.00 – 11.30
Team Work 3	11.30 – 12.00
Lunch Break 1	12.00 – 13.00
Session 7	13.00 – 13.50
Break	13.50 – 14.00
Workshop 4	14.00 - 14.30
Team Work 4	14.30 - 14.50
Break	14.50 – 15.00
Session 8	15.00 – 16.00

Opening Speech

All delegates are expected to deliver an opening speech of a maximum of 1 minute.

Important Points about Opening Speeches

1. Explain the country policy briefly to specify your stance so that the other delegations can understand what your delegations' stance is, but over-informing should be avoided.
2. It would be respectful to state that your delegation is honoured to be there.
3. Approximately 200 words for 45 seconds or 1 minute would be satisfactory.
4. In the opening speech, delegates give information about the country's policy, and background information on the topic of possible solutions.

How to Write an Opening Speech

1 Saluting Part

2 In the Access part:

- Delegates start their speeches with a very important fact to take the attention of the audience.
- Delegates can give some statistics, ask an important question, and share a quotation with delegates.

3 In the Target Part:

- Delegates give information about the topic.
- Delegates talk about country policies.

4 In the Action Part:

- Delegates shares their possible solutions to the problems.
- Delegates call on the United Nations, Member States, and NGOs to take an action to solve the problems.

Sample Opening Speech

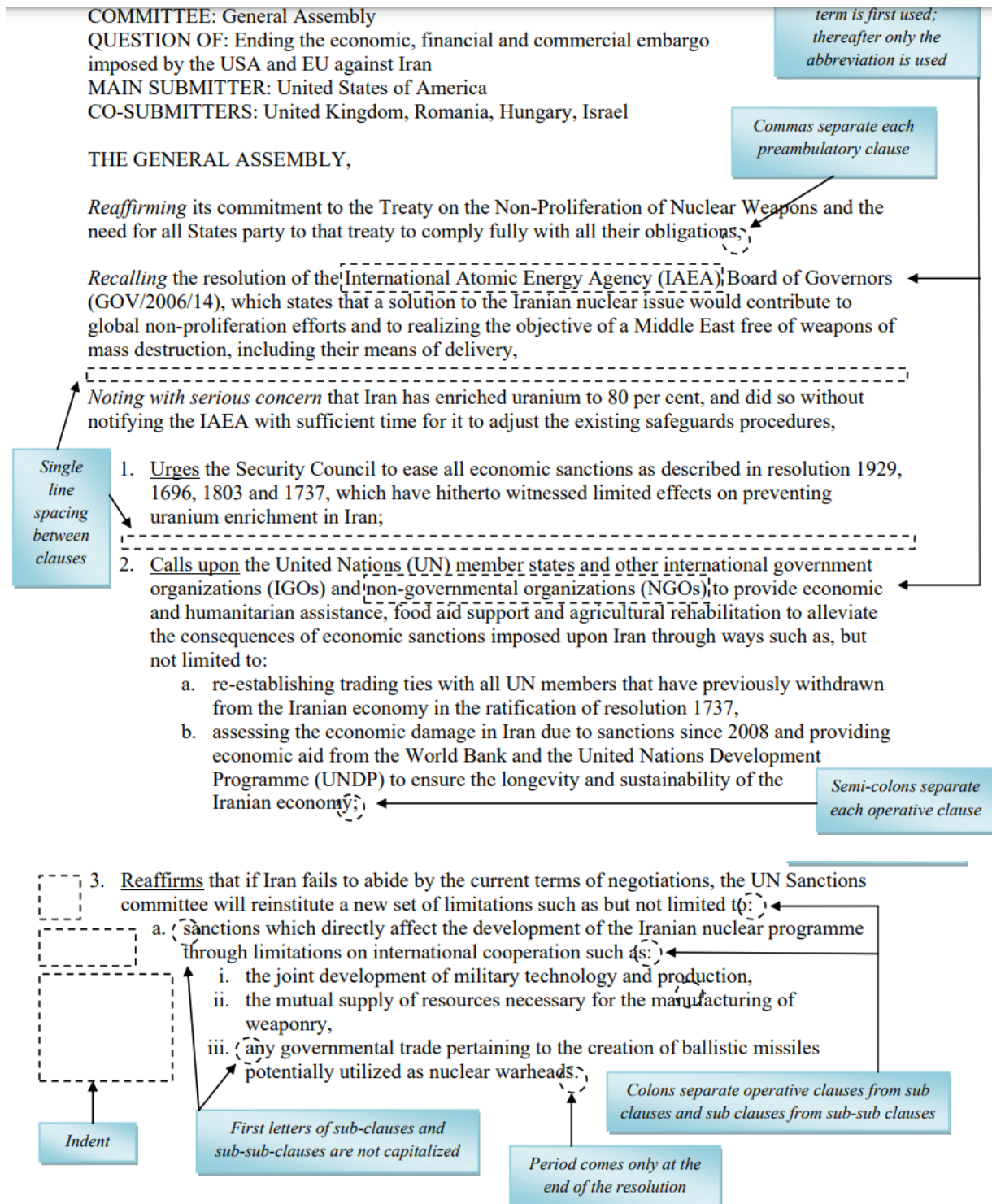
Honourable Chair and Fellow Delegates,

As the delegate of Spain, we feel honoured to take part in this significant meeting. 2 At the beginning of the global pandemic, our nation was hit strongly by the major COVID-19 cases. Unfortunately, our cases have passed 1 million even though our government has tried to decrease the cases. 3 We believe that if there is enough medical equipment, African countries can stop the second COVID-19 wave. We need to send cleaning supplies, medicine and mental care support. We should raise awareness of the African content so that we can fight COVID-19 as a whole. Africa has a young population, and WHO thinks the COVID-19 death toll remains low for this reason. + solution If we can work together with member states, we can stop the spread of coronavirus.

Thank you for your attention.

Resolution

Delegates are expected to write either clauses or a whole resolution before coming to the training. You may find the structure of the resolution below:



Operative Phrases

Accepts	Encourages	Recommends
Affirms	Endorses	Regrets
Approves	Expresses its appreciation	Requests
Asks	Expresses its hope	Resolves
Authorizes	Further invites	Seeks
Calls for	Further proclaims	Strongly affirms
Calls upon	Further recommends	Strongly condemns
Condemns	Further requests	Strongly urges
Congratulates	Further resolves	Suggests
Confirms	Hopes	Trusts
Deplores	Proclaims	Transmits
Designates	Proposes	Urges

Preambulatory Phrases

Acknowledging	Expecting	Noting with appreciation
Affirming	Expressing its appreciation	Noting with approval
Alarmed by	Expressing its satisfaction	Noting with deep concern
Approving	Fulfilling	Noting with regret
Aware of	Fully alarmed	Noting with satisfaction
Believing	Fully aware	Observing
Bearing in mind	Fully believing	Pointing out
Confident	Further deploring	Reaffirming
Congratulating	Further recalling	Realizing
Contemplating	Guided by	Recalling
Convinced	Having adopted	Recognizing
Declaring	Having considered	Referring
Deeply concerned	Having considered further	Reminding
Deeply conscious	Having devoted attention	Seeking
Deeply convinced	Having examined	Taking into account
Deeply disturbed	Having heard	Taking into consideration
Deeply regretting	Having received	Taking note
Deploring	Having studied	Viewing with appreciation
Desiring	Keeping in mind	Welcoming
Emphasizing	Noting further	

RESOLUTION GUIDELINES

Resolutions:

- Use 12 point Times New Roman and 1.0 spacing throughout
- Do not exceed two pages in length in Word document form
- The heading is at the top of the resolution, with three components, in the following order: COMMITTEE:, QUESTION OF:, MAIN SUBMITTER:, and CO-SUBMITTERS:
- After the title of the resolution, a single line spacing is placed, followed by the full name of the committee written in capital letters with a comma at the end
- Acronyms and abbreviations are spelled out the first time they are mentioned, in the following manner: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
- Use formal, 3rd person, diplomatic language

Preambulatory Clauses:

- The introductory word/phrase of each preambulatory clause is *italicized*
- Only a selected set of phrases can be used as the introductory words/phrases
- The first letter of the introductory word/phrase is capitalized
- No introductory word/phrase can be repeated in a resolution
- Commas separate the preambulatory clauses from each other

Operative Clauses:

- Each operative clause is numbered: 1., 2., 3., 4., ...
- All operative clauses and sub-clauses are indented
- The introductory word/phrase of each operative clause is underlined
- The first letter of the introductory word/phrase is capitalized
- Only a selected set of phrases can be used as introductory words/phrases (see below); the following clause-starters are for Security Council resolutions only: condemns, demands
- No introductory word/phrase can be repeated in a resolution (but may be re-used with the addition of "strongly" or "further" as in: "Further requests...")
- Semi-colons separate operative clauses from each other
- Sub-clauses are lettered: a., b., c., d., ...
- Sub-sub-clauses are numbered with Roman numerals: i., ii., iii., iv., ...
- Sub-clauses and sub-sub-clauses are indented by using tabs, NOT by using individual spaces (sub-clauses are tabbed once and sub-sub-clauses are tabbed twice)
- First letters of sub-clauses and sub-sub-clauses are not capitalized
- Single sub-clauses are not allowed
- A period is used at the end of the final word of the operative clause

For grammar aficionados:

- The resolution is one very long sentence. It begins with the committee (the subject of the sentence), e.g. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
- After the subject, come the preambulatory clauses. These are participle (or adjectival phrases modifying the subject (modifying by describing the committee's intent, motivation, and frame of mind in writing the resolution).
- The operative clauses make the predicate of the sentence (i.e. describe the action of the resolution); thus operative clause starters should be present tense verbs in the third person singular.
- The last operative clause should be completed with a period to mark the end of the very long sentence.

All the best,

MUNTR Online Training