Country: Republic of India Committee: Unesco-1





In India there are lots of conflict zones and also there are a lot of people living in conflict zones. In this kind of places students can't learn the lessons. In India, people generally make agriculture as an economic activity. Therefore, their general condition is not good. Moreover, when they live in conflict zones, people cannot send their children to school. But in India government try to provide education in conflict zones.

One in three children and youth between the ages of 5 and 17 living in countries affected by conflict or natural disasters (104 million children and youth) is out of school. According to a new report prepared by UNICEF, this number accounts for more than a third of the number of out-of-school children worldwide. All over the world, the number of children and youth between the ages of 5 and 17 who are out of school totals 303 million. Reference to the report, 1 in 5 people aged 15-17 living in countries affected by conflict or disasters have never attended school, and 2 out of 5 people have not completed primary education. We think that everyone should get educated in the conflict-affected countries also the Indian thinker Nelson Mandela says "Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world." In Ladakh India there is war between India and China. This situation affects the education in that region. In Ladakh India's government helps to open western-style schools and people who live there can be educated. In India the government supports to open western-style schools in the conflict-affected region.

India's government tries to prevent the barriers of the conflict-affected regions by opening new schools. We think that everyone should be educated wherever they are. We should ensure safety in this region and also UN can help us to develop our education system moreover, they can help us to develop our schools and keep them safe. In this meeting, we can find solutions to these problems and remove the barriers in front of education.