



UNITED NATIONS WOMEN

Country: Cameroon

Delegate: Bilal Emre BİRCAN

Topic: Elimination of the Raising Domestic Violence During Covid-19 Pandemic

Cameroon is in the Central Africa and Cameroon has population more than 26 millions people. Cameroon is a developing country with 30.87 billion dollars economy. And Cameroon has domestic violence problem like a lot of other countries.

The Inter-agency GenCap advisor for Cameroon, Delphine Brun, posits that “43.2% of women in union faced domestic violence. 39.8% and 14.5% respectively faced emotional and sexual violence and in all, 56.4% of women in union were confronted with at least one of these forms of violence”. According to the Global Database of Violence against Women issued by UN Women, in 2012, the statistics in Cameroon of reports of lifetime physical and/or sexual intimate partner violence stood at 51%. In 2019, the statistics provided by Care and Plan International reported violence against women in Cameroon to an overall 56.4%. There has been a steady increase in levels of VAW as seen from these statistics.

A draft Act on measures to prevent sexist violence is being drafted. The phenomenon of violence against women and girls is a social reality in Cameroon. It produces a negative impact on the victims, the perpetrators, the development of the family and, indeed, on the country as a whole. The object of the Act is to introduce measures that will change ways of conduct, with punishment being only the ultimate recourse against recalcitrant or recidivist perpetrators of violent acts.

As Cameroon we see this big global problem and we try to take measures and invite all countries to make the same effort.