

*Conference:Model United Nations TOBB University Conference 2025*

*Committee:EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT*

*Deputy: Francisco ASSIS*

*Agenda Item:*

1. *Amending Council Decision 2009/917/JHA, as regards its aligment with Union rules on the protection of personal data.*

 1-- The confidentiality of our data is important to all of us, we all want information that closely concerns our private lives to remain with us unless necessary because that information is private data that we all use personally and that can be used by a person with bad intentions to blackmail, take over accounts, fraud and even identity theft if it falls into their hands.

Every day, hundreds of people's personal data is taken from dozens of people by unauthorized people. This situation has been on the agenda of the whole world from past to present, but unfortunately, a clear solution has not yet been found. At this point, I will talk about the decision numbered 2009/917/JHA issued by the European Union in 2009. According to this decision; information sharing is provided between the customs administrations of member countries, in other words, the private information of the company or the relevant persons for a product that will pass through customs is circulated and spread by many people with this application.

 Another feature of this decision is to ensure that information regarding customs investigations of member countries is shared. To be more specific, the private data of a company or firm that has undergone a customs investigation will be spread internationally and private data will be sent from hand to hand to all of Europe. Yes, this feature may accelerate international integration and data flow and thus help European countries work more quickly and practically, but the fact that the companies or firms whose information is spread are not guaranteed that the data will not be destroyed after the rapid spread of the data and the use of this information where necessary will reduce the number of companies and firms that want to sell to the country and this poses a threat to the country's economy.

My party and I believe that these decisions should be revised to give more importance to human rights and to pay more attention to the protection of private data. The regulations we want to see made are as follows:

1. After the customs investigation, the private information received will be completely destroyed, otherwise heavy penalties will be applied and strict control will be maintained in this regard.
2. The above article will be deemed invalid on the condition that in cases where a problem (product safety and seller) is encountered during the customs investigation, only the necessary information will remain and this information will be destroyed after the situation is resolved.
3. Only the necessary information of the company or companies or responsible persons will be obtained.
4. If no evidence of a crime is reached as a result of the information received from the company or company, the information received will not be shared with any country in the international arena. Otherwise, a monetary fine will be applied.

Our views on this issue are as follows, and we are open to and support every idea that will be given in the parliament for the benefit of the people and humanity.

2-Law enforcement forces are the protective forces of our countries and they need to protect our personal data as much as they protect us. They are constantly trying to improve in this regard, but they are still quite inadequate and that is why a lot of private data is leaked to unauthorized people. My party and I think that this situation should also be discussed in the parliament and we are determined to do our best in this regard. Our requests and suggestions are as follows:

1. Opening courses in this field and creating more educational areas in order to train people equipped with computers and software in our countries.
2. Allocating budgets for computers and engineering and developing countries in this field, paving the way for the bright young people of the country and ensuring that they focus on this field.
3. Constantly monitoring the people who have entered the law enforcement forces and are currently there, and including them in these forces after a very detailed investigation. (In order to prevent leaking of information from inside).

The reason we wrote the first two of the above items is that many private information is now stored by encrypting it as a result of software developed on the computer. With the development of the new generations in this field, private information will be able to remain confidential not only in law enforcement but also in many areas.

References

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