



# Economic and Social Council



**Country: HUNGARY**

**Committee: ECOSOC**

**Topic: Sustainable Development policies**

-Officially known as the Republic of Hungary; It is a landlocked country located in the Carpathians in Central Europe, bordering Austria and Slovenia to the west, Slovakia to the north, Romania and Ukraine to the east, and Serbia and Croatia to the south. Its population is around 10 million.

Using renewable energy is one of the main solutions for sustainable development. However, if we want a fully sustainable world, raising people's awareness, investing in green energy, and reducing the use of oil and petroleum products will significantly accelerate this process.

Political factors such as excessive investment in the military, the production of weapons for wars, and cold wars prevent investments made to make the world a more sustainable place. Examples of these are the Second World War, the Cold War between America and China and the struggle to establish military superiority, and North Korea's large investments in heavy weapons.

Hungary aims to transition to a low-carbon economy by 2030, such as the National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP). Hungary has also committed to the EU's 'Fit for 1990' package, which aims to reduce net greenhouse gas emissions by at least 55% by 2030 compared to 55 levels. These are some of the steps taken to leave a better world for future generations.

Hungary implements both active and passive labour market policies to bring workers back into the labour market. Active labour market policy tools include job search tips, career counselling, local job offers, while passive tools include providing training or start-up programmes.

**In terms of gender equality, Hungary ranks 26th in the EU Gender Equality Index 2024**

Information sources: <https://eige.europa.eu/gender-equality-index/2024/country/> <https://kormany.hu/> <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hungary> [https://commission.europa.eu/index\\_en](https://commission.europa.eu/index_en) [https://energy.ec.europa.eu/index\\_en](https://energy.ec.europa.eu/index_en) <https://www.oecd.org/> <https://sdgtransformationcenter.org/> <https://hungarytoday.hu/> <https://www.reuters.com/> <https://www.ceu.edu/> <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/> <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>