

**Committee:** The Disarmament and International Security Committee (DISEC)

**Country:** Algeria

**Topic:** Promoting the Peaceful Use of Outer Space

Algeria is the biggest country in Africa and its' capital is Alger. The country's culture is a mix of Arab, Berber, Ottoman, and French actions, and its history has been shaped by long colonial times and a battle for freedom. Algerai is very diverse with different peoples there, making it a improved multicultural nation.

It works being done in space around the world is limited but not completely unimportant. The satellite called 'ATLAS' has become part of systems providing international data in the area of Earth observation and disaster response. So, space pollution? While Algeria is officially thinking some steps in this respect, it hasn't yet performed a generic, fully-fledged national space debris management mechasin.

The steps that Algeria can take in this regard, both technically and legally are quite clear. One thing that could be done is to deorbit the satellites at the end of the mission or a magnetic net can be made.

**REFERENCES:**

- Space Debris Mitigation Guidelines of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, 2010.
- Guidelines for the Long-Term Sustainability of Outer Space Activities, 2019.
- Algeria – National report submitted to the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee (UNOOSA, 2022).
- Algeria – Statements to the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (2018–2023).
- IADC Space Debris Mitigation Guidelines, 2007/2020.