POSITION PAPER

*The delegation of Azerbaijan proposes the following priorities for developing such frameworks:*

1. Transparency and ethics: This item should address the issues of transparency and ethics, which are governed by legal standards. If legal standards make artificial intelligence algorithms understandable, fair, and responsible, they will stop the patterns of bias that cause inequalities.

2.Cybersecurity and global stability: The use of artificial intelligence in cyber operations and autonomous weapons systems should be controlled. This is crucial for preventing international conflict and maintaining peace.

3.Data protection and security: Today, artificial intelligence technologies continue to be data-oriented, so it's essential to protect the confidentiality and independence of individual data in today's technological age, focusing on data protection and security.

4.Technology equality: Technology equality should be achieved by providing equal access to artificial intelligence technologies in developing countries, without overly restrictive borders. This helps bridge the digital divide and promotes global development.

5.Multilateral supervision: Multilateral supervision is necessary, with a United Nations-protected organization recognized globally to monitor the legal limit of artificial intelligence use and promote international cooperation and harmony.

 6. International cooperation: International cooperation is essential to set a global regulatory limit on the use of artificial intelligence technology, promoting transparency, honesty, and ensuring fair access to it.

7. Capacity building: Capacity building requires special attention to be paid to developing countries with small and medium-sized economies. It plays a decisive role in overcoming these technological obstacles.

8. Responsible innovation: Thanks to artificial intelligence technology, responsible innovation has brought the rights of belief, social justice, and environmental sustainability to the forefront, establishing new ethical rules. For this reason, the state and the state-owned or private sectors should adhere to this ethical priority in artificial intelligence technology.