



REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA



Committee: [UNODC]

Country: Republic of Indonesia

Topic: International Cooperation in Combating Cyberbullying

The Republic of Indonesia is a large and diverse country in Southeast Asia. And because Indonesian people are so large in population (about 277.5 million), they are among the most internet-using countries in the world.

As the world becomes more connected through the internet, Indonesia is working hard to protect its people, especially children and youth, from online dangers such as cyberbullying.

The United Nations (UN) has also been working on this issue for the past 10 years. The UN has supported programs to educate people about online safety and how to eliminate cyberbullying. It has set up committees for this purpose (for example, the UNODC committee).

We know that cyberbullying is a major problem that affects many people around the world, especially children and youth. To protect our people, Indonesia has a special law called the Electronic Information and Transactions (EIT) Law (known as the ITE law within the country). And Indonesia has made the necessary penalties for cyberbullying under the leadership of this law

Indonesia believes that countries should work together to stop cyberbullying.

One of the reasons why Indonesia made this proposal is that it is aware that this cyberbullying cannot be solved by a law passed in one country alone, and that other countries must also make efforts for this.

Our solution proposal should both increase penalties against cyberbullying within the UN and other countries can enact similar laws to combat cyberbullying. These laws should include rules to punish bullies and keep people safe online. In short, Indonesia wants all countries to join hands to make the internet a safer place for everyone, especially children.