Committee: [DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY (DISEC)](https://www.un.org/en/ga/first/)

Topic: RUSSIA-UKRAINE WAR AND USE OF WEAPONS IN INTERNATIONAL LAW

France is a Western European country known for its rich history, culture, and influence on art, fashion, and cuisine. It boasts diverse landscapes, including mountains, beaches, and rolling countryside. France is famous for landmarks like the Eiffel Tower, the Louvre Museum, and the Palace of Versailles. Paris, its capital, is a global center for culture and commerce.Franceis rich in both natural and human resources, which contribute to its economic power. France has a diverse energy mix, with a heavy reliance on nuclear energy (around 70% of its electricity comes from nuclear power), supplemented by renewable energy sources such as wind, solar, and hydroelectric power. France holds significant international importance across various domains due to its history, geographic location, economic strength, cultural influence, and active participation in global affairs.

The Russia-Ukraine war has deep historical roots and has been shaped by a series of events over decades, if not centuries. The war between Russia and Ukraine has been a complex and devastating conflict with wide-ranging geopolitical, military, and humanitarian consequences. The role of the Disarmament and International Security Committee (DISEC) in addressing such issues is to consider solutions through diplomacy, conflict resolution, and multilateral efforts. While France cannot directly impose binding solutions, it can facilitate dialogue, propose measures for peace, and promote disarmament and security. The UN General Assembly has consistently called for an immediate end to Russian aggression, demanding the withdrawal of Russian forces from Ukrainian territory. Despite these declarations, no enforceable agreement has been reached.

France’s role in the Russia-Ukraine war has been one of balancing military, humanitarian, and diplomatic support for Ukraine with the need to prevent escalation and promote a negotiated solution. France has sought to maintain European unity while also being a proponent of dialogue with Russia in the hope of achieving a long-term, peaceful resolution. France works closely with the United States, Germany, the United Kingdom, and other NATO and EU members to coordinate strategy on sanctions, military support, and diplomatic engagement. France also engages with the United Nations to address the global consequences of the war, including energy and food security. France has been advocating for a stronger European defense posture, both within NATO and through independent EU efforts. This includes calls for increased defense spending and closer coordination on defense matters within Europe.

Reference: https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/conseils-aux-voyageurs/conseils-par-pays-destination/turquie/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World