Committee: Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)

Topic: [Not specified in the image]

Country: Croatia

School: Emine Örnek High School

Climate change and environmental degradation pose an existential threat to the world, prompting the need for significant changes in how people live, consume, and generate resources. The “Green Transition” involves shifting from a carbon-based to a more environmentally sustainable way of living. Food systems, especially agricultural practices, must adopt a more holistic approach that considers the interconnection of land, livestock, and people. This shift offers an opportunity to improve food systems. Sustainable agriculture provides environmental and socio-economic benefits, promoting more equitable outcomes.

FAO aims to ensure global food security and improve nutrition quality. Through various programs, especially in developing countries, it works on increasing food production. FAO supports environmentally friendly agricultural practices. Its projects focus on the sustainable use of natural resources, soil fertility preservation, and efficient water usage in agriculture. FAO has launched several programs to address global hunger and malnutrition. These programs specifically focus on regions affected by war, climate change, and natural disasters. FAO provides emergency support to regions facing food crises due to war, natural disasters, or climate change. These efforts typically focus on revitalizing agricultural production and ensuring food security.

FAO has implemented various projects in Croatia to improve agricultural production. It has provided support, particularly in organic farming and sustainable agricultural practices. Strategies have been developed to increase food security and boost local food production. In Croatia, FAO has benefitted sustainable agricultural practices and eco-friendly methods. FAO has provided technical assistance on issues such as efficient water usage, preventing soil erosion, and preserving biodiversity. These initiatives have helped Croatia use its natural resources more effectively. FAO has played a significant role in rural economic development and improving living standards in Croatia’s rural areas. Rural development programs have contributed to strengthening the local agricultural workforce, improving infrastructure, and providing support to small farmers, which has diversified the rural economy.

FAO can address food security issues in Croatia by improving access to food in low-income areas and targeting groups facing malnutrition. It is essential to increase job opportunities in rural areas and improve the living standards of rural populations by promoting local entrepreneurship and non-agricultural sectors. Croatia should develop solutions that increase agricultural resilience to mitigate the impacts of climate change, and all these problems can be resolved in this way