

Delegation: The Czech Republic

Committee: Disarmament and International Security Committee (DISEC)

Agenda Item: Russo-Ukrainian Conflict

DISEC is the abbreviation of "Disarmament and International Security Committee" and refers to a committee at Model United Nations (MUN) conferences. This committee takes the subjects as international disarmament and international security. Committee delegates research a particular issue, discuss and offer solutions. DISEC works to find solutions to increase peace and security in the international arena.

The Czech Republic also known as Czechia is a parliamentary republic. The country was formed in 1993, after Czechoslovakia was split into Czechia and Slovakia. The country is now divided into 14 regions, including the capital, Prague.

The deployment of the Russian army to the Ukrainian border by Putin's order in February 2021 alarmed Ukraine. Ukraine has begun war preparations to deploy troops to the Donbass border. Ukrainian officials claimed that Russia's troop numbers increased to 110,000 in November. On February 17, 2022, conflict began between separatists and Ukraine. On February 21, Russian President Putin officially recognized Luhansk and Donetsk as states and announced that Russian troops would enter Donbass for peacekeeping purposes. After Ukrainian President Zelensky declared a state of emergency, Kharkov and Kiev began to be bombed by Russia.

The Czech Republic has acted in cooperation with the international community to maintain peace and stability since the beginning of the Russo-Ukrainian Conflict. During this process, the Czech Republic remained determined to defend Ukraine's sovereignty and territorial integrity. The Czech Republic also condemned Russia's aggressive policies towards Ukraine and supported calls to act in accordance with the requirements of international law. Russia's annexation of Crimea and support for separatist groups in East Ukraine is violation of international law. The Czech Republic strongly condemns such actions and supports Ukraine's efforts to preserve its territorial integrity.

The Czech Republic calls on Russia to end such aggressive policies and believes that the international community should act together and take a determined stance against Russia. In this context, diplomatic and political pressures need to be increased as well as economic sanctions. Czech Prime Minister Petr Fiala said that 15 European Union (EU) member countries will provide financial support to the initiative spearheaded by his country to supply ammunition to Ukraine from around the world. Also Fiala said that no soldiers would be sent from the Czech Republic to Ukraine, and that no one in the country should worry about conscription being reinstated.

The Czech Republic believes that the international community should work together for a peaceful resolution of the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the preservation of Ukraine's sovereignty and territorial integrity. In this vein, the Czech Republic calls for peaceful solutions to be found and for dialogue to be encouraged between the parties at the UN General Assembly and other international platforms.

Some basic steps can be suggested for an end to the Russo-Ukrainian conflict and a peaceful outcome. These are the suggestions of the Czech Republic:

- a)** Keeping diplomatic channels between Russia and Ukraine open and initiate negotiations to end the conflict. These negotiations should be held with the support of the international community.
- b)** Guarantees of national identity and autonomy should be provided to protect the rights of the Russian-speaking population living in the eastern regions of Ukraine. This can promote social reconciliation.
- c)** For a permanent solution, a long-term peace agreement needs to be established. This agreement should provide a fair and sustainable solution, taking into account the interests and concerns of both parties.

Bibliography:

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