

Country:Mexico Comittee:ECOFIN

Topic:The Economic Impacts of Climate Change and Strategies for Sustainable Development Delegate:Emir Erzi İSTEK Denizli Schools



Mexico, officially referred to as the United Mexican States, is a federal republic situated in the southern half of North America. It shares borders to the north with the United States, to the south and west with the Pacific Ocean, to the southeast with Guatemala, Belize, and the Caribbean Sea, and to the east with the Gulf of Mexico. Covering an area of 1,972,550 square kilometers, Mexico ranks as the sixth-largest country in the Americas and the 13th-largest independent country worldwide. As of October 2022, the country had a population of 132,162,000, making it the 10th most populous nation in the world. While there is no official language at the federal level, Spanish is the most spoken language and is used as the de facto language of government. The country is divided into 32 first-level administrative regions, which

include 31 states and the capital, Strategies for Sustainable Development

Transition to Renewable Energy: Mexico is expanding its renewable energy capacity, leveraging solar, wind, and geothermal resources. Initiatives like the Energy Transition Law aim to achieve 35% clean energy by 2024. Further investment in renewable energy infrastructure will reduce dependence on fossil fuels and create green jobs. Sustainable Agriculture Practices: Promoting climate-resilient farming techniques, such as agroforestry, crop diversification, and efficient irrigation systems, will enhance food security and reduce greenhouse gas emissions from agriculture. Green Infrastructure Development: Mexico is committed to building climate-resilient infrastructure. Projects such as natural flood barriers and sustainable urban planning will minimize disaster risks and ensure economic stability in vulnerable regions Strengthening Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs): Encouraging PPPs can accelerate investments in clean technologies and sustainable industries. Programs like the Green Climate Fund have demonstrated the potential of international financing to support local initiatives. Regional and Global Cooperation: Mexico emphasizes the importance of adhering to the Paris Agreement and engaging in regional partnerships, such as the Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project, to foster collective action against climate change.

Education and Awareness Campaigns: Promoting climate literacy and public awareness is crucial for fostering a culture of sustainability. Mexico supports initiatives that empower citizens, particularly youth and indigenous communities, to engage in climate action.

we can Increase financial and technical support for developing countries to implement climate adaptation and mitigation measures.

Enhance mechanisms for technology transfer to accelerate the global shift toward low-carbon economies. Strengthen commitments under the Paris Agreement, ensuring accountability and equitable contributions. Prioritize sustainable development goals in economic recovery plans post-COVID-19.