

Country: PAKISTAN

Committee: UNICEF

Agenda topic: Preventing Child Trafficking in Third World Countries

Pakistan, or officially the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, is a country in South Asia. Neighboring Afghanistan and Iran in the west, China in the north and India in the east, Pakistan ranks 6th in the world in terms of population. It was founded on August 14, 1947 after a bloody struggle from the British colonized India in 1947. Later, it experienced a division again and its west became today's Pakistan and its east became Bangladesh. Therefore, it includes many different groups in its ethnic structure. Pakistan, where more than 60 languages are spoken, is known as the second country with the highest number of Muslims after Indonesia. The world's 40th largest economy belongs to Pakistan. The national income per capita in the country is around 1,600 dollars. It became a member of the UN on September 30, 1947, shortly after its establishment, and has played an active role since its membership.

According to UN figures, the number of child trafficking is around 1.2 million per year. In particular, children from uneducated and poor families are more vulnerable. While some are kidnapped, the vast majority are deceived by promises of jobs and education abroad. With broader efforts to prevent human trafficking, they need to strengthen their awareness and recognition knowledge and skills; and we must protect the children. Quality health and education services, a functioning child protection system is also other requirements for prevention and risk response.

Although it is unclear how the improvements in detection, recording and reporting methods are when contributing to this increase, the circumstances that put children at risk are clear. Smugglers who turn war, political corruption, poverty and natural disasters in their favor now earn about \$ 39 billion a year from child abuse alone. 152 million children are employed in child labor, including global supply chains, according to the latest global forecasts. One of the four victims of modern slavery is a child.

Combating child trafficking, strengthening child protection systems and promoting positive social norms in all contexts such as development and emergency. Violence against children can be prevented by preventing and responding to exploitation and abuse.