**Committee:** United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)

**Topic:** Global Health Startegies For Combating Infant/Child Mortality

**Paragraph 1:** Introduction

Mexico is the 6th largest independent country in the Americas and the thirteenth largest in the world. Located in North America, Mexico is renowned for its rich history, vibrant culture, natural beauty, and diverse cuisine. Its economy spans various sectors, including oil and tourism, and its natural landscape features tropical forests, deserts, and mountainous regions. With the 15th largest economy globally and the second-largest in Latin America, Mexico stands as a significant and influential country.

**Paragraph 2:** Topic and Country Relevance

Infant and child mortality remain major public health issues globally, with approximately 5 million children dying each year before the age of 5. Most of these deaths occur during the newborn stage, particularly in low- and middle-income countries. A significant portion of these deaths is preventable, as they are caused by health problems that are treatable with the right resources. However, inequalities in access to healthcare services, economic disparities, inadequate education, and stress contribute significantly to these fatalities.

Mexico is deeply committed to addressing this issue and implements various strategies and programs at both national and international levels to reduce infant and child mortality. These efforts include improving health systems, providing nutritional support, launching educational campaigns, and offering services for economic diseases. Key initiatives in Mexico include:

 **- Seguro Popular (Public Health Insurance):** A program designed to provide free healthcare services, particularly for low-income families, with a focus on maternal and child health**.**

 **- Expansion of Health Centers:** The establishment of clinics and health centers to provide essential healthcare services in rural and hard-to-reach areas.

These efforts demonstrate Mexico's dedication to addressing infant and child mortality and its commitment to prioritizing this critical issue.

**Paragraph 3: Solutions and Conclusion**

Since 1990, Mexico's efforts have reduced under-5 mortality rates by 50%. Despite this achievement, Mexico remains committed to embracing innovations and pursuing further reductions. The country recognizes that the future depends on its children, as children are not only the foundation of humanity but also the embodiment of hope and progress. For Mexico,

ensuring the well-being of children is an unwavering priority because the future is children, and children are the future.

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