

Committee : North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)

Country : CANADA

Agenda Item : Enhancing Collective Defense



Canada is a country formed by its ten provinces and three territories in North America, surrounded by The Atlantic Ocean also with The Pacific Ocean. This also makes Canada the second biggest country in the world in case of surface area. Canada has the longest international land border with USA. Canada is characterized by a wide range of both meteorologic and geological regions. Canada is rarely populated country with 40 million people. Its capital city is Ottawa and apart from that Toronto, Vancouver and Montreal are Canada's other three metropolitan cities. Furthermore, Canada's official language is English and French.

Canada signed the organization called North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) which is providing guarantee about when their member states confronted with economic, political, and military threats, provide comprehensive assistance and support that mentioned in Article 5 on 4 April 1949 in Washington D.C. If any member state of NATO is under threat all the NATO members have to react to the situation. In that case this article is deterrent for the enemy countries. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) increased the number of member states against aggressive actions of Soviet Union to have more power and numerical superiority. In addition to this, terrorist organizations harm all the countries politics and economy. In this regard, what NATO about to do is enhancing military capabilities and supporting creation of new and powerful defense policy.

Canada as a founding member of NATO, supports and open themselves for new and useful ideas to Enhance the Collective Defense for all NATO member states to have the most contemporary world. In order to achieve this goal, one of the key components to enhance is The NATO Response Force (NRF).

The NRF is a rapidly deployable force of NATO, characterized by high readiness and advanced technology. Currently used on many occasions to react swiftly, by the Alliance. Apart from its operational duties, the NRF can also be operated for increased collaboration in education and training, more exercises, assistance in disaster relief.

Additionally, technological attacks are one of the biggest distress topic with the traditional military conflicts. NATO has been prepared to foresee hacking and information leaks with cyber defense simulations. Hostile cyber capabilities are getting more dangerous even if NATO cares and have movements on it. In Canada's opinion regional and global security is the strongest way to save NATO member states and civilian people as all.

Canada highly encourages creating powerful and comprehensive networks to taking all the NATO, United Nations (UN) and European Union (EU)'s information that exists and will exist for protection. In case of a war against to a NATO domain all member states will need advanced military equipment and specialized soldiers. For these possible cases, educating programs have to be created to educate the civilians as well as soldiers. Finally, hosting countries in NATO that are reliable and have strong military capabilities will, indeed, make NATO stronger than ever before.

For this purpose, Canada is ready to take responsibility but expect the same identical dedication from all the NATO committee. We call on the NATO committee to take work collaboratively to establish welfare for everyone.

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CANADA