**Country: Czech Republic**

**Committee: NATO**

**Topic: Nato's Indo-Pacific Involvement With Regard to the 2022 Strategic Concept**

Our nation is a country in Central Europe. You can call us the Czech Republic, or Czech for short. We are neighbors with Poland in the north, Germany in the west and northwest, Austria in the south and Slovakia in the east. We became a member of the European Union on May 1, 2004. We have 10,436,560 million people.

The Indo-Pacific is a biogeographic region that includes the tropical waters of the Indian oceans, the western and central Pacific oceans, and the two seas connecting Indonesia.

Key among the findings in NATO's Indo-Pacific Intervention is that China is not the only challenge in the region, but will likely continue to be the dominant factor for the foreseeable future. Politically, the Indo-Pacific landscape could turn into a dominant Chinese attempt to unite or potentially restrict divided countries through economic, diplomatic, cultural and military leverage that puts the rule of law, international order, democratic values, freedom of the sea, sovereignty at risk. and territorial integrity. Compared to China, the region is likely to become an increasingly competitive area in terms of sovereign land claims, resource use, infrastructure development and free sea access. Increasing militarization of the region is the main concern of the Alliance, as it enables direct conflict with dramatic economic and geopolitical consequences. Maritime capabilities are likely to continue to grow, especially for China, putting freedom of navigation at risk. The militarization of the disputed islands, the proliferation of nuclear weapons, a possible invasion of Taiwan, the positioning of developing India, the use of Cyber, Space and cognitive warfare will create possibilities for increased tension, escalation and even direct or indirect conflict. Prior to that, the growing number of defense partnerships and the ever-increasing defense budget would make the Indo-Pacific the most militarized region in the world.

Politically, the Indo-Pacific landscape is a key point that upholds and supports the rule of law, international order, democratic values, freedom of the sea, economic position that maximizes sovereignty, diplomatic and cultural factors, but on the other hand, it is a risky place. The Indo-Pacific, which is close to turning into its most equipped and sheltered region in time, is also at a favorable point in terms of tactics. No matter how serious a confrontation is that China is a defense ally like Russia, NATO guidelines, territorial views,

respecting human rights and international law. With NATO continuing to reinforcing its political dialogue and practical cooperation with its Indo-Pacific partners As a result, risk taking should be considered for this region.

Reference :

https://www.nato-pa.int/document/2022-nato-and-indo-pacific-region-report-krimi-021-pcnp