Country: HUNGARY

Committee: UNHRC (United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees)

Agenda item: Hungary's attitude and suggestions regarding refugee rights.



Hello, I am an 8th grade student at Ada Asal College. Since I am an exam student, I take care to both work and prepare for the project and I believe that I will be successful..

Hungary, located in eastern Europe, with its capital Budapest, is a small country geographically, but a very large country with its cultural, historical and natural values. Esztergom Basilica, located 50 km northwest of the capital, is the third largest church in Europe, with a population of 9.8 million and a parliamentary republic, and with its export-based economy, it is the world's 35th largest exporter. Unemployment rate is 3.5% and annual inflation rate is 3.4% Hungary, which has made significant progress in the fields of electronics and innovation with its breakthroughs in the last 20 years, has become the largest electronics producer in Central and Eastern Europe. With these achievements in technology, one of the most important driving forces of the Hungarian economy is the production and research revenues in this field. Continental climate is dominant throughout Hungary, as it has no coastline and is located at the foot of the Carpathian Mountains. While the temperature in the country drops to -1, -2 degrees in winter, it reaches a maximum of 29 degrees in summer.



Katarin Novak is the first woman to hold the post of president of Hungary and the youngest president in Hungarian history, taking office at the age of 44. The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees was established on 14 December 1950 by the United Nations General Assembly. UNHRC is mandated to organize and lead international movements to protect refugees and to resolve refugee problems worldwide.

It has been in Hungary since 1989 and works closely with government agencies, including local and municipal authorities, UN agencies and national partners. While Hungary completely closed its doors to asylum seekers, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) warned that Budapest is in the process of removing asylum seekers completely, although it is against international law.



Former president viktor orban did not want refugees to come through the border at all, he even returned about 800 irregular migrants to Serbia in a month and current president katarin novak said that 90 percent of irregular migrants who want to enter Hungary arrive via Serbia, cooperation in border protection is important He also stated that the two countries are acting jointly on the North Macedonia-Serbia border against illegal immigration.